Sociology **Classical Sociological Tradition**

Semester III Subject Code: A 31612 Lectures: 60 **Objectives:** • To introduce the factors leading to the emergence of sociological theory. To understand theoretical foundations of Sociology. • To introduce the works of the founding sociologists. • To review the classical sociological theory critically in terms of race and gender. **Unit 1: Introduction** 10 Meaning of social theory Social and intellectual forces in the emergence of sociological theory Concept of modernity o Enlightenment

- o Renaissance
- o Reformation
- Rise of individualism
- o Declining importance of religion
- Scientific revolution
- o Empiricism
- o Positivism
- o French Revolution
- o Emergence of Fascism
- o Industrial revolution
- o Emergence of Capitalism
- o Emergence of Socialism
- o Marxian Utopia
- Urbanization
- Industrialization
- Idealism

Unit 2: Classical Tradition: Comte and Durkheim

12

- August Comte
 - o Law of evolution
- Emile Durkheim
 - o Contribution to methodology
 - o Theory of suicide



Unit 3: Classical Tradition : Marx and Weber

14

- Karl Marx
 - o Dialectical Materialism
 - Views on Capitalism
 - o Alienation
- Max Weber
 - Contribution to Methodology
 - o Theory of social action
 - Views on Religion

Unit 4: Limitations in terms of Race and Gender

12

- W. E. B. Dubois
 - Perspective of Race
 - Standpoint of the oppressed
- Harriet Martineau
 - · Looking at social institutions from women's point of view
- Charlotte Perkins Gilman
 - Critical evolutionary perspective
 - Analysis of women's subordination

*Assignments and library hours - 12 hours

Recommended Text Books:

- 3. Allan Kenneth, 2005: Explorations in Classical Sociological Theory; Pine Forge Press, N. Delhi.
- 4. Morrison, Ken (1995): Marx, Durkheim and Weber-Formations of Modern Sociological Thought, Sage, New Delhi.

Reference Books:

- 26. Calhoun Craig et.al ,2005: The Sage Handbook of Sociology, Sage, Publications, UK.
- 27. Giddens, Anthony (1971): Capitalism and Modern Social Theory An analysis of the writings of Marx, Durkheim and Weber, Cambridge University Press
- 28. Aron, Reymond 1965 1967: Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. I and II Penguin, Chapters on Marx, Durkheim and Weber.



Sociology Sociology of India

SemesterIV Subject Code: A 41612 Lectures: 60 **Objectives:** • To introduce the factors leading to the emergence of sociological theory. • To understand theoretical foundations of Sociology. • To introduce the works of the founding sociologists. • To review the classical sociological theory critically in terms of race and gender. Unit 1: Introduction 10 Formation of sociology in India – pre-independence and post-independence period Indian sociology in crisis Unit 2: Perspectives looking at Indian Society as an 'object' 12 Indological (G. S. Ghurye) • Structural functional(M. N. Srinivas) Dialectical (A. R. Desai) Unit 3: Critical Perspectives to study Indian Society 12 • Subaltern (Ranajeet Guha) • Non-brahmanical (M. Phule, Dr. Ambedkar) Feminist (Leela Dube) Unit 4: Debates on Indian society 14 Changing conception of Family Household and Kinship Changing conception of caste • From Indological to Dalit perspective Debates on village – urban settlement and ethnicity in India

*Assignments and library hours – 12 hours



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Recommended Text Books:

- 1. Sharma, S. 1985. Sociology in India. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.
- 2. Singh, Y. 1983. Image of Man: Ideology and Theory in Indian Sociology. New Delhi: Chanakya Publications
- 3. D.N.Dhanagare, Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology, Rawat Publications, 1999
- 4. S.M.Dahiwale (ed), Indian Society: Non-Brahmanic Perspectives, Rawat Publications, 2004
- 5. Satish Deshpande, Contemporary India: Sociological Perspectives, Viking

Reference Books:

- Veena Das, The Oxford Companion to Sociology and Social Anthropology, Vol. I and II, OUP, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. Dube, S. C., 1990, Indian Society, National Book Trust, New Delhi.

